

June 23rd Notes

June 28, 2019

The Geodesic Equation

A geodesic is a path which parallel transports its own tangent vector.

So if no force is applied, then the only acceleration is that which is inherent in the geometry of spacetime. This is the variation from flat spacetime which is captured by the Christoffel symbol.

$$\frac{d^2 x^\mu}{d\lambda^2} = -\Gamma^\mu_{\alpha\beta} \frac{dx^\alpha}{d\lambda} \frac{dx^\beta}{d\lambda}$$

Calculation of the Christoffel symbol

$$\Gamma^\mu_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{1}{2} g^{\mu\rho} \left(\frac{\partial g_{\alpha\rho}}{\partial x^\beta} + \frac{\partial g_{\beta\rho}}{\partial x^\alpha} - \frac{\partial g_{\alpha\beta}}{\partial x^\rho} \right)$$

The Covariant Derivative

$$\nabla_\alpha V^\mu = \frac{\partial V^\mu}{\partial x^\alpha} + \Gamma^\mu_{\alpha\beta} V^\beta$$

Other facts about the Christoffel or Connection symbol

$$\Gamma^\mu_{\alpha\beta} = \frac{\partial x^\mu}{\partial V^\rho} \frac{\partial^2 V^\rho}{\partial x^\alpha \partial x^\beta} \quad - \text{Neuenschwander page 100 (4.15)}$$

$$\frac{\partial e_\alpha}{\partial x^\beta} = \Gamma^\mu_{\alpha\beta} e_\mu \quad - \text{Collier page 148 (6.2.2)}$$